Interim separate financial statements

For the six-month ended 30 June 2025



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GENERAL INFORMATION

THE COMPANY

Vietnam Sun Corporation ("the Company") is a shareholding company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Enterprise Registration Certificate ("ERC") No. 4103001723 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on 17 July 2003, and subsequently amended ERCs.

The Company's shares are listed on the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange ("HOSE") with code VNS in accordance with the Decision No. 81/2008/QD-SGDHCM issued by HOSE on 23 July 2008.

The current principal activities of the Company are to provide passenger transportation services by taxi; render inbound and outbound tourism services, act as air ticket agent; and lease out spaces.

The Company's registered head office is located at No. 648, Nguyen Trai Street, Cho Lon Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam and 3 (three) active branches with detail as below:

- Binh Duong Branch at No. 59 Thich Quang Duc, Phu Loi Ward, Ho Chi Minh City;
- Dong Nai Branh at No. F2/4, Highway 51, Town 1, Long Hung Ward, Dong Nai Province; and
- Dong Thap Branch at No. 35/20/8 Nguyen Tat Thanh, Town 2, Sa Dec Ward, Dong Thap Province.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Members of the Board of Directors during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr Ta Long Hy	Chairman	
Mr Dang Thanh Duy	Member	
Mr Truong Dinh Quy	Member	
Mr Tran Anh Minh	Member	
Mr Dang Tien Sy	Member	
Mr Le Hai Doan	Member	appointed on 24 April 2025
Mrs Huynh Thanh Binh Minh	Member	resigned on 24 April 2025
Mr Nguyen Dinh Thanh	Independent member	
Mr Dang Cong Luan	Independent member	
Mr Ho Kim Truong	Independent member	

BOARD OF SUPERVISION

Members of the Board of Supervision during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mrs Tran Thi Thu Hien	Head of Board of Supervision
Mrs Mai Thi Kim Hoang	Member
Mrs Nguyen Thi Mai Phuong	Member

MANAGEMENT

Members of the Management during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr Dang Thanh Duy	General Director
Mrs Dang Thi Lan Phuong	Deputy General Director
Mr Nguyen Van Mac	Deputy General Director
Mr Huynh Van Si	Deputy General Director
Mrs Dang Phuoc Hoang Mai	Deputy General Director
Mr Tran Anh Minh	Deputy General Director
Mr Nguyen Bao Toan	Deputy General Director
Mr Truong Dinh Quy	Deputy General Director

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Company during the period and at the date of this report is Mr Dang Thanh Duy.

Mrs Dang Thi Lan Phuong, the Company's Deputy General Director, is authorized by Mr Dang Thanh Duy to sign the accompanying interim separate financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

AUDITORS

The auditor of the Company is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of Vietnam Sun Corporation ("the Company") is pleased to present this report and the interim separate financial statements of the Company for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the interim separate financial statements of each financial period which give a true and fair view of the interim separate financial position of the Company, and of the interim separate results of its operations and its interim separate cash flows for the period. In preparing those interim separate financial statements, management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim separate financial statements; and
- prepare the interim separate financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue its business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the interim separate financial position of the Company and ensuring that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying interim separate financial statements.

STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying interim separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the interim separate financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025, and of the interim separate results of its operations and its interim separate cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim separate financial statements.

The Company has a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 13 of the interim separate financial statements. The Company prepared these interim separate financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, and the relevant legal regulations on the preparation and presentation of interim separate financial statements. In addition, the Company has also prepared the interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 ("interim consolidated financial statements") dated 28 August 2025 in accordance with the above prevailing regulations on the preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements.

Users of the interim separate financial statements should read them together with the said interim consolidated financial statements in order to obtain full information on the interim consolidated financial position interim consolidated results of operations and interim consolidated cash flows of the Company and its subsidiary.

For and on behalf of management:

Dang Thi Lan Phuong Deputy General Director

ÁNH DƯƠNG VIỆT NAM

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

28 August 2025



Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited 2 Hai Trieu Street, Sai Gon Ward Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam Tel: +84 28 3824 5252 Email: eyhcmc@vn.ey.com Website (EN): ey.com/en_vn Website (VN): ey.com/vi_vn

Reference: 1165864/68586019-LR

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To: The Shareholders of Vietnam Sun Corporation

We have reviewed the accompanying interim separate financial statements of Vietnam Sun Corporation ("the Company"), as prepared on 28 August 2025 and set out on pages 6 to 36, which comprise the interim separate balance sheet as at 30 June 2025, the interim separate income statement and interim separate cash flow statement for the six-month period then ended and the notes thereto.

Management's responsibility

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the interim separate financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim separate financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the interim separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the interim separate financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim separate financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim separate financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the interim separate financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025, and of the interim separate results of its operations and its interim separate cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim separate financial statements.

Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited

CÔNC TY
MHH
ERNS LA YOUNG

Nguyen The Nhu Quynh Deputy General Director

Audit Praticing Registration Certificate

No. 3040-2024-004-1

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

28 August 2025

INTERIM SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET as at 30 June 2025

VND

				VNE
AS	SETS	Notes	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
A.	CURRENT ASSETS		344,461,282,525	363,872,470,823
1.	Cash and cash equivalents	4	200,596,292,798	93,861,717,948
11.55-51	1. Cash		30,596,292,798	23,861,717,948
	2. Cash equivalents		170,000,000,000	70,000,000,000
11.	Short-term investments		40,000,000,000	150,800,000,000
150,050	Held-to-maturity investments	5	40,000,000,000	150,800,000,000
111.	Current accounts receivable		87,468,840,542	94,890,064,734
	 Short-term trade receivables 	6.1	76,597,917,966	82,401,000,214
		2250000000		1,067,889,872
		8	13,143,577,029	13,551,256,200
		C 4 0	(2.502.000.044)	(0.400.004.550)
	receivables	6.1, 8	(3,592,906,011)	(2,130,081,552)
IV.	Inventories		6,162,653,239	6,025,538,669
39 7000	1. Inventories	9	6,162,653,239	6,025,538,669
V.	Other current assets		10,233,495,946	18,295,149,472
	 Short-term prepaid expenses 	14	9,887,784,943	14,003,990,703
	Deductible value-added tax	16	114,691,321	4,291,158,769
	the State	16	231,019,682	=
В.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,386,264,622,503	1,451,469,783,326
1.	Long-term receivables		2,781,780,000	2,861,060,000
		5050506		1,294,600,000
	Other long-term receivables	8	1,851,700,000	1,566,460,000
II.	Fixed assets		1,231,928,333,074	1,359,862,283,997
	# 1 (1)	10		1,176,739,924,142
				1,626,321,672,890
				(449,581,748,748)
		11	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)	182,851,101,796
				243,745,454,456 (60,894,352,660)
				271,258,059
				2,414,221,000
	Accumulated amortisation		(2,217,629,611)	(2,142,962,941)
III.	Long-term assets in progress		61,911,218,210	9
553	Construction in progress	12	61,911,218,210	-
IV.	Long-term investments		43,920.000.000	43,920,000,000
2011	Investment in a subsidiary	13	43,920,000,000	43,920,000,000
V.	Other long-term assets		45,723,291,219	44,826,439,329
	Long-term prepaid expenses	14	45,723,291,219	44,826,439,329
то	TAL ASSETS		1,730,725,905,028	1,815,342,254,149
	A. I. III. IV. V. III. IV. V.	 I. Cash and cash equivalents 1. Cash 2. Cash equivalents II. Short-term investments 1. Held-to-maturity investments III. Current accounts receivable 1. Short-term trade receivables 2. Short-term advances to suppliers 3. Other short-term receivables 4. Provision for short-term doubtful receivables I. Inventories I. Inventories V. Other current assets 1. Short-term prepaid expenses 2. Deductible value-added tax 3. Tax and other receivables from the State B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS I. Long-term receivables 1. Long-term trade receivables 2. Other long-term receivables II. Fixed assets 1. Tangible fixed assets	A. CURRENT ASSETS I. Cash and cash equivalents 1. Cash 2. Cash equivalents 1. Held-to-maturity investments 1. Held-to-maturity investments 1. Short-term investments 1. Short-term de receivable 1. Short-term advances to suppliers 3. Other short-term receivables 4. Provision for short-term doubtful receivables 1. Inventories 1. Inventories 1. Inventories 1. Short-term prepaid expenses 2. Deductible value-added tax 3. Tax and other receivables from the State B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS I. Long-term receivables 1. Long-term receivables 2. Other long-term receivables 1. Tangible fixed assets Cost Accumulated depreciation 2. Finance leases Cost Accumulated depreciation 3. Intangible fixed assets Cost Accumulated depreciation 3. Intangible fixed assets Cost Accumulated amortisation III. Long-term assets in progress 1. Construction in progress 1. Investment in a subsidiary V. Other long-term assets 1. Investment in a subsidiary V. Other long-term assets 1. Long-term prepaid expenses	A. CURRENT ASSETS I. Cash and cash equivalents 1. Cash 2. Cash equivalents 1. Held-to-maturity investments 1. Held-to-maturity investments 2. Short-term davances to suppliers 3. Other short-term doubtful receivables 4. Provision for short-term doubtful receivables 5. Short-term prepaid expenses 6.1 (3,592,906,011) IV. Inventories 7. Short-term prepaid expenses 8. Non-current assets 9. Cother current assets 1. Short-term prepaid expenses 2. Deductible value-added tax 3. Tax and other receivables from the State B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS 1. Long-term receivables 2. Other long-term receivables 3. Cost Accumulated depreciation 2. Finance leases Cost Accumulated depreciation 3. Intangible fixed assets Cost Accumulated depreciation 4.0,000,000,000 40,000,000,000 40,000,000,

INTERIM SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2025

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Code	RE	SOURCES	Notes	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
300	c.	LIABILITIES		645,780,057,917	684,616,527,614
310	1.	Current liabilities		302,053,076,244	252,010,372,899
311 312		Short-term trade payables Short-term advances from	15.1	30,574,328,933	12,449,943,607
		customers	15.2	7,959,248,414	279,814,052
313		Statutory obligations	16	27,037,617,569	2,262,077,490
314		4. Payables to employees	47	1,552,757,547	7,656,737,784
315		5. Short-term accrued expenses	17 18	6,981,902,082	7,397,589,124
318 319		 Short-term unearned revenue Other short-term payables 	19	1,920,075,617 34,057,296,304	1,724,842,488 31,561,643,576
320		8. Short-term loans and	19	34,037,290,304	31,301,043,370
320		finance lease obligations	21	191,952,900,324	188,594,775,324
322		Bonus and welfare fund		16,949,454	82,949,454
330	11.	Non-current liabilities		343,726,981,673	432,606,154,715
337	3.55	Other long-term liabilities	20	75,354,541,662	79,960,677,042
338		2. Long-term loans and			20 00 20
		finance lease obligations	21	265,206,894,511	349,429,907,173
342		Long-term provisions	3.13	3,165,545,500	3,215,570,500
400	D.	OWNERS' EQUITY		1,084,945,847,111	1,130,725,726,535
410	I.	Owners' equity	22.1	1,084,945,847,111	1,130,725,726,535
411		Share capital		678,591,920,000	678,591,920,000
411a		 Ordinary shares with voting rights 		678,591,920,000	678,591,920,000
412		Share premium		86,929,263,110	86,929,263,110
418		Investment and development		00,020,200,110	00,020,200,110
710		fund			268,688,372,802
421		Undistributed earnings		319,424,664,001	96,516,170,623
421a		- Undistributed earnings		6 18 18	W W W
//secsors/		at the end of prior period		297,345,351,425	15,026,650,147
421b		 Undistributed earnings of the 			
		current period		22,079,312,576	81,489,520,476
440	то	TAL LIABILITIES AND			
		NERS' EQUITY		1,730,725,905,028	1,815,342,254,149

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

2033, 28 August 2025

Thai Thi Mong Tuyen Preparer

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Dang Hoang Sang Chief Accountant

Dang Thi Lan Phuong Deputy General Director

INTERIM SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

VND

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Code	ITE	EMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
01	1.	Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	23.1	420,253,275,113	493,348,577,596
10	2.	Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	23.1	420,253,275,113	493,348,577,596
11	3.	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	24, 28	(324,355,666,738)	(400,811,280,936)
20	4.	Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services		95,897,608,375	92,537,296,660
21	5.	Finance income	23.2	5,917,803,016	7,826,592,378
22 23	6.	Finance expenses In which: Interest expense	25	(15,317,622,235) (15,297,393,560)	(10,274,649,898) (10,251,475,300)
25	7.	Selling expenses	26, 28	(32,589,985,710)	(36,160,307,922)
26	8.	General and administrative expenses	26, 28	(37,930,906,613)	(40,614,456,915)
30	9.	Operating profit		15,976,896,833	13,314,474,303
31	10.	Other income	27	13,436,313,609	26,214,786,744
32	11.	Other expenses	27	(1,424,069,723)	(1,542,405,671)
40	12.	Other profit	27	12,012,243,886	24,672,381,073
50	13.	Accounting profit before tax		27,989,140,719	37,986,855,376
51	14.	Current corporate income tax expense	29.1	(5,597,828,143)	-
60	15.	Net profit after tax		22,391,312,576	37,986,855,376

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

302028 August 2025

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Thai Thi Mong Tuyen Preparer

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Dang Hoang Sang Chief Accountant Dang Thi Lan Phuong Deputy General Director

INTERIM SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

VND

		÷		VND
Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
01	I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Accounting profit before tax		27,989,140,719	37,986,855,376
"	Adjustments for:		/30 Si W	31,300,033,370
02 03	Depreciation and amortisation Provisions	28	99,823,383,752 1,412,799,459	103,440,230,770 338,364,813
05	Profit from investing activities		(8,220,346,960)	(20,533,311,937)
06	Interest expense	25	15,297,393,560	10,251,475,300
08	Operating profit before changes in working capital		136,302,370,530	131,483,614,322
09	Decrease in receivables		2,127,304,210	2,051,883,068
10	Increase in inventories		(137,114,570)	(324,914,745)
11 12	Increase (decrease) in payables Decrease in prepaid expenses		14,062,641,633 3,219,353,870	(20,481,514,978) 1,294,174,343
14	Interest paid		(15,499,573,898)	(10,445,681,512)
15	Corporate income tax paid	16	(1,597,561,473)	
17	Other cash outflows for operating activities		(66,000,000)	(70,000,000)
20	Net cash flows from operating activities		138,411,420,302	103,507,560,498
21	II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of fixed assets		(45,498,718,210)	(159,384,963,618)
22	Proceeds from disposal of		45 045 400 004	104 201 214 402
23	fixed assets Payments for term deposits		45,345,429,064 (40,000,000,000)	104,201,314,493 (225,000,000,000)
24	Collections from term deposits		150,800,000,000	275,000,000,000
27	Interest received		6,341,308,356	9,358,567,719
30	Net cash flows from investing activities		116,988,019,210	4,174,918,594
	III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
33	Drawdown of borrowings	21.3	13,432,500,000	81,665,970,000
34	Repayment of borrowings	21.3	(74,483,999,016)	(27,773,846,916)
35	Repayment of principal of finance	24.2	(10.012.200.646)	(10 913 309 646)
36	lease liabilities Dividends paid	21.3 22.2	(19,813,388,646) (67,799,977,000)	(19,813,388,646) (101,701,450,900)
40	Net cash flows used in financing activities		(148,664,864,662)	(67,622,716,462)

INTERIM SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

VND

Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
50	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents for the period		106,734,574,850	40,059,762,630
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		93,861,717,948	101,359,366,834
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4	200,596,292,798	141,419,129,464

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

203528 August 2025

Thai Thi Mong Tuyen Preparer

Dang Hoang Sang Chief Accountant

Dang Thi Lan Phuong Deputy General Director

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Vietnam Sun Corporation ("the Company") is a shareholding company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 4103001723 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on 17 July 2003 and subsequently amended ERCs.

The Company's shares are listed on the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange ("HOSE") with code VNS in accordance with the Decision No. 81/2008/QD-SGDHCM issued by HOSE on 23 July 2008.

The current principal activities of the Company are to provide passenger transportation services by taxi; render inbound and outbound tourism services, act as air ticket agent; and lease out spaces

The Company's normal course of business cycle is 12 months.

The Company's registered head office is located at No. 648, Nguyen Trai Street, Cho Lon Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam and 3 (three) active branches with detail as below:

- Binh Duong Branch at No. 59 Thich Quang Duc, Phu Loi Ward, Ho Chi Minh City;
- Dong Nai Branh at No. F2/4, Highway 51, Town 1, Long Hung Ward, Dong Nai Province;
 and
- Dong Thap Branch at No. 35/20/8 Nguyen Tat Thanh, Town 2, Sa Dec Ward, Dong Thap Province.

The number of the Company's employees as at 30 June 2025 was 1,173 (31 December 2024: 1,235).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Purpose of preparing the interim separate financial statements

The Company has a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 13 of the interim separate financial statements. The Company prepared these interim separate financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of interim separate financial statement. In addition, the Company also prepared the interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 ("interim consolidated financial statements") dated 28 August 2025 in accordance with the above prevailing regulations on the preparation and presentation of interim consolidated financial statements.

Users of the interim separate financial statements should read them together with the said interim consolidated financial statements in order to obtain full information on the interim consolidated financial position, the interim consolidated results of operations and the interim consolidated cash flows of the Company and its subsidiary.

2.2 Accounting standards and system

The interim separate financial statements of the Company, expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 27 - Interim Financial Reporting and other Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.2 Accounting standards and system (continued)

Accordingly, the accompanying interim separate financial statements, including their utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the interim separate financial position and the interim separate results of its operations and the interim separate cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

2.3 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company's applied accounting documentation system is the Voucher Journal system.

2.4 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its separate financial statements starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

2.5 Accounting currency

The interim separate financial statements are prepared in VND which is also the Company's accounting currency.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash in banks and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of not more than three (3) months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

3.2 Inventories

Inventories are measured at their historical costs. The cost of inventories comprise costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

In case the net realizable value is lower than the original price, it must be calculated according to the net realizable value.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The perpetual method is used to record tools and supplies, which are valued at cost of purchase on a weighted average basis.

Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventory provision is made for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of value (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of tools and supplies owned by the Company, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the interim balance sheet date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold and services rendered account in the interim separate income statement. When inventories are expired, obsolescence, damage or become useless, the difference between the provision previously made and the historical cost of inventories are included in the interim separate income statement.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.3 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the interim separate balance sheet at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, after provision for doubtful debts.

The provision for doubtful debts represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered. Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as general and administrative expense in the interim separate income statement. When bad debts are determined as unrecoverable and accountant written off those bad debts, the differences between the provision for doubtful receivables previously made and historical cost of receivables are included in the interim separate income statement.

3.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the tangible fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the interim separate income statement as incurred.

When tangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the interim separate income statement.

3.5 Leased assets

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A lease is classified as a finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Where the Company is the lessee

Assets held under finance leases are capitalised in the interim separate balance sheet at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, at the net present value of the minimum lease payments. The principal amount included in future lease payments under finance leases are recorded as a liability. The interest amounts included in lease payments are charged to the interim separate income statement over the lease term to achieve a constant rate on interest on the remaining balance of the finance lease liability.

Capitalised financial leased assets are depreciated using straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the asset and the lease term, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the interim separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Where the Company is the lessor

Assets subject to operating leases are included as the Company's fixed assets in the interim separate balance sheet. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating an operating lease are recognised in the interim separate income statement as incurred.

Lease income is recognised in the interim separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.6 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

The cost of an intangible asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of preparing the intangible asset for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements are added to the carrying amount of the assets and other expenditures are charged to the interim separate income statement as incurred.

When intangible assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the interim separate income statement.

3.7 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and financial leases, and amortisation of intangible assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Machinery and equipment	3 - 7 years
Motor vehicles	6 - 10 years
Office equipment	3 - 7 years
Computer software	3 years

3.8 Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the costs of acquiring new assets that have not yet been fully installed. Construction in progress is stated at cost.

Construction in progress will be transferred to the appropriate fixed asset account when these assets are fully installed, and depreciation of these assets will commence when they are ready for their intended use.

Construction costs are recognized as expenses when such costs do not meet the conditions to be recognized as fixed assets.

3.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of the fund and are recorded as expense during the period in which they are incurred.

3.10 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term or long-term prepaid expenses in the interim separate balance sheet and amortised over the period for which the amounts are paid or the period in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

The following types of expenses are recorded as long-term prepaid expenses and are allocated to the interim separate income statement:

- Prepaid office rental;
- Tools and consumables with large value issued into production and can be used for more than one year; and
- Other prepaid expenses.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.11 Investments

Investment in a subsidiary

Investment in a subsidiary over which the Company has control is carried at cost.

Distributions from accumulated net profits of the subsidiary arising subsequent to the date of acquisition are recognised in the interim separate income statement. Distributions from sources which are attributable to period before obtaining controls are considered a recovery of investment and are deducted from the cost of the investment.

Provision for diminution in value of investment

Provision for diminution in value of the investment is made when there are reliable evidences of the diminution in value of those investments at the balance sheet date. Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recorded as finance expense in the interim separate income statement.

Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are stated at their acquisition costs. After initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are measured at recoverable amount. Any impairment loss incurred is recognised as finance expense in the interim separate income statement and deducted against the value of such investments.

3.12 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company

3.13 Accrual for severance pay

The severance pay to employees is accrued at the end of each reporting year for all employees who have been in service for more than 12 months at the Company. The accrued amount is calculated at the rate of one-half of the average monthly salary for each year of service qualified for severance pay in accordance with the Labour Code and related implementing guidance. The average monthly salary used in this calculation will be revised at the end of each reporting period following the average monthly salary of the last 6-month period up to the reporting date. Increase or decrease to the accrued amount other than actual payment to employees will be taken to the interim separate income statement.

This accrued severance pay is used to settle the severance allowance to be paid to employee upon termination of their labor contract following Article 46 of the Labor Code.

3.14 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Company's reporting currency of VND are recorded at the actual exchange rates at transaction dates, determined as follows:

- Transactions resulting in receivables are recorded at the buying exchange rate of the commercial bank designated for collection; and
- Transactions resulting in liabilities are recorded at the selling exchange rate of the commercial bank designated for payment.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.14 Foreign currency transactions (continued)

At the end of the period, monetary balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the actual exchange rates at the balance sheet date, determined as follows:

- Monetary assets are translated at the buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conducts transactions regularly; and
- Monetary liabilities are translated at selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conducts transactions regularly.

All foreign exchange differences incurred are taken to the interim separate income statement.

3.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are recognised at issuance price less incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of shares, net of tax effects. Such costs are recognised as a deduction from share premium.

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issuance price of the shares, minus the actual expenses incurred for the issuance of the shares.

3.16 Appropriation of net profits

Net profit after tax is available for appropriation to shareholders after approval in the annual general meeting, and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements.

The Company maintains the following reserve funds which are appropriated from the Company's net profit as proposed by the Board of Directors and subject to approval by shareholders at the annual general meeting:

Investment and development fund

This fund is set aside for use in the Company's expansion of its operation or of in-depth investments.

Bonus and welfare fund

This fund is set aside for the purpose of pecuniary rewarding and encouraging, common benefits and improvement of the employees' benefits, and presented as a liability on the interim separate balance sheet.

3.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount, rebate and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenues are recognised upon completion of the services provided.

Regarding the business cooperation contract and franchises with drivers who are not employees of the Company, the Company's revenue is determined as the total revenue from providing services minus the revenue divided for drivers based on the revenue percentage agreed upon between the two parties.

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually upon the delivery of the goods.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.17 Revenue recognition (continued)

Interest income

Interest is recognized on an accrual basis based on the time and actual interest rate for each period.

Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

3.18 Taxation

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authority. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the interim balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the interim separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred income tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the interim balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred income tax asset to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred income tax assets are re-assessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred income tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the interim balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the interim separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.18 Taxation (continued)

Deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or when the Company intends either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realise the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred income tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

3.19 Related parties

Parties are considered to be related parties of the Company if one party has the ability to, directly or indirectly, control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or when the Company and other party are under common control or under common significant influence. Related parties can be enterprises or individuals, including close members of their families.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

TOTAL	200,596,292,798	93,861,717,948
Cash equivalents (*)	170,000,000,000	70,000,000,000
Cash at banks	18,058,588,019	19,132,854,384
Cash on hand	12,537,704,779	4,728,863,564
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
		VND

^(*) This balance represented term deposits at commercial banks with original maturity of from one (1) to three (3) months and earned interest at the rates ranging from 3.7% to 4.75% p.a. (31 December 2024: 3.7% to 4.5% p.a).

5. SHORT-TERM HELD-TO-MATURITY INVESTMENTS

This balance represented term deposits at commercial banks the original maturity of more than three (3) months and remaining maturity of not more than twelve (12) months from the interim balance sheet date and earned interest at the rates ranging from 4.4% p.a to 6% p.a (31 December 2024: 4.2% p.a to 5.6% p.a).

6. TRADE RECEIVABLES AND ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS

6.1 Trade receivables

		VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
±1 187%		
Short-term	76,597,917,966	82,401,000,214
Due from customers using taxi cards	68,808,840,964	66,925,564,662
Receivables from individual customers	2,086,890,726	2,450,657,097
Receivables from disposal of fixed assets	784,609,495	7,819,609,495
Others	4,917,576,781	5,205,168,960
Long-term	930,080,000	1,294,600,000
Receivables from disposal of fixed assets	930,080,000	1,294,600,000
TOTAL	77,527,997,966	83,695,600,214
Provision for short-term doubtful receivables	(2,036,423,248)	(578,343,264)
NET	75,491,574,718	83,117,256,950
Movements of provision for short-term doubtful rec	eivables:	
		VND
	For the six-month	For the six-month
	period ended	period ended
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
Beginning balance	578,343,264	542,975,608
Add: Provision made during the period	1,466,895,084	36,409,808
	(8,815,100)	(14,337,352)
Less: Reversal of provision during the period		
Ending balance	2,036,423,248	565,048,064
Short-term advances to suppliers		
		VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
VETC Automatic Toll Collection Co., Ltd.	613,192,952	506,049,641
Mr Dang Van Tan	224,000,000	272,000,000
Others	483,058,606	289,840,231
- Culcis	activostational forestation towards of	
TOTAL	1,320,251,558	1,067,889,872

7. BAD DEBTS

6.2

				VND
Debtor	30 June 2025		31 December 2024	
	Cost	Recoverable amount	Cost	Recoverable amount
SUNRISE Investment Consulting Joint Stock				
Company	645,272,056	197,081,617	645,272,056	645,272,056
Others	5,826,203,632	2,681,488,060	5,898,504,723	3,768,423,171
TOTAL	6,471,475,688	2,878,569,677	6,543,776,779	4,413,695,227

949,695,377

344,571,807

1,294,267,184

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

8. OTHER RECEIVABLES

		VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Short-term	13,143,577,029	13,551,256,200
Collection on behalf related to airfare	2,816,304,428	1,383,272,725
Advances to employees	2,402,352,153	2,386,529,221
Interest income	1,618,664,384	2,074,967,673
Other receivables from taxi drivers and staff	901,689,771	1,378,243,077
Deposits	890,236,000	1,454,201,000
Others	4,514,330,293	4,874,042,504
Long-term	1,851,700,000	1,566,460,000
Deposits	1,851,700,000	1,566,460,000
TOTAL Provision for other short-term doubtful	14,995,277,029	15,117,716,200
receivables	(1,556,482,763)	(1,551,738,288)
NET	13,438,794,266	13,565,977,912
Movements of provision for other short-term doub	tful receivables:	
		VND
	For the six-month	For the six-month
	period ended	period ended
	, 30 June 2025	, 30 June 2024

9. INVENTORIES

Beginning balance

Ending balance

Add: Provision made during the period

This represents the value of unused spare parts for cars as at the interim balance sheet dates.

1,551,738,288

1,556,482,763

4,744,475

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

				VND
	Machinery and equipment	Means of transportation	Office equipment	Total
Cost:				
As at 31 December 2024 Disposals	9,499,236,357	1,612,825,728,704 (91,529,654,571)	3,996,707,829	1,626,321,672,890 (91,529,654,571)
As at 30 June 2025	9,499,236,357	1,521,296,074,133	3,996,707,829	1,534,792,018,319
In which: Fully depreciated	7,489,599,993	60,697,739,981	3,996,707,829	72,184,047,803
Accumulated depreciation:				
As at 31 December 2024 Depreciation for the period Disposals	(8,411,543,690) (339,641,609)	(437,173,497,229) (84,174,984,969) 63,419,087,400	(3,996,707,829)	(449,581,748,748) (84,514,626,578) 63,419,087,400
As at 30 June 2025	(8,751,185,299)	(457,929,394,798)	(3,996,707,829)	(470,677,287,926)
Net carrying amount:				
As at 31 December 2024	1,087,692,667	1,175,652,231,475		1,176,739,924,142
As at 30 June 2025	748,051,058	1,063,366,679,335	**************************************	1,064,114,730,393
In which: Pledged as loan security (Note 21	-	812,819,886,615	¥	812,819,886,615

11. FINANCE LEASES

VND Means of transportation

Cost:

As at 31 December 2024 and 30 June 2025	243,745,454,456
Accumulated depreciation:	
As at 31 December 2024 Depreciation for the period	(60,894,352,660) (15,234,090,504)
As at 30 June 2025	(76,128,443,164)
Net carrying amount:	
As at 31 December 2024	182,851,101,796
As at 30 June 2025	167,617,011,292

The Company leases mean of transportation used in the activities of providing passenger transport services by taxi. Under the terms of the finance lease, the Company has the option to purchase the machinery at the end of lease term. Commitments for future lease payments under this lease are set out in Note 21.2.

12. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

VND

30 June 2025 31 December 2024

Transportation vehicles under registration process

61,911,218,210

13. INVESTMENT IN A SUBSIDIARY

	30 June 2025		31 December 2024	
Name	Amount	Ownership Amount and voting right		Ownership and voting right
	VND	(%)	VND	(%)
Vinasun Green Joint Stock Company	43,920,000,000	99	43,920,000,000	99

Vinasun Green Joint Stock Company ("ADX") is a shareholding company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0401378832 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Da Nang City on 10 September 2010, as amended. Its current principal activity is to provide passenger taxi services. The ADX's registered head office is located at No. 277, Nguyen Huu Tho Street, Hoa Cuong Ward, Da Nang City, Vietnam.

As at 30 June 2025, the Company had not determined the fair value of the investment to disclose in the separate financial statement because it does not have listed price. The fair value of such investment may be different from its book value.



PREPAID EXPENSES 14.

	VND
30 June 2025	31 December 2024
9,887,784,943	14,003,990,703
6,209,879,227	10,226,773,960
1,456,936,000	2,381,284,000
2,220,969,716	1,395,932,743
45,723,291,219	44,826,439,329
42,619,908,820	43,275,599,728
2,902,265,147	1,356,444,452
201,117,252	194,395,149
55,611,076,162	58,830,430,032
	9,887,784,943 6,209,879,227 1,456,936,000 2,220,969,716 45,723,291,219 42,619,908,820 2,902,265,147 201,117,252

^(*) This amount represents the prepayment of the Company's office rental fees located at No. 648, Nguyen Trai Street, Cho Lon Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES AND SHORT-TERM ADVANCE FROM CUSTOMERS 15.

15.1

15.2

	VND
30 June 2025	31 December 2024
16,412,500,000	=
14,161,828,933	12,449,943,607
30,574,328,933	12,449,943,607
	VND
30 June 2025	31 December 2024
7,500,000,000	
459,248,414	279,814,052
7,959,248,414	279,814,052
	16,412,500,000 14,161,828,933 30,574,328,933 30 June 2025 7,500,000,000 459,248,414

16. TAX

17.

18.

				VND
3	1 December 2024	Increase during the period	Decrease during the period	
Receivables Value-added	****			
tax Personal	4,291,158,769	1.0	(4,176,467,448	Actual International divisional
income tax		231,019,682	# 1/1/12/2-12/2 1/2/2/2-1/1/2	231,019,682
TOTAL	4,291,158,769	231,019,682	(4,176,467,448	345,711,003
Payables Value-added				
tax	208,429,980	30,449,928,613	(9,218,569,167	7) 21,439,789,426
Corporate income tax Personal	1,597,561,473	5,597,828,143	(1,597,561,473	5,597,828,143
income tax Other taxes	456,086,037	2,580,550,886 10,000,000	(3,036,636,923	
TOTAL	2,262,077,490	38,638,307,642	(13,862,767,563	3) 27,037,617,569
	ACCRUED EXPEN	ISES	30 June 2025 3,600,000,000	VND 31 December 2024
13th salary Bonus and allow	vance for employee	s	2,106,709,516	6,300,834,124
Others			1,275,192,566	1,096,755,000
TOTAL		-	6,981,902,082	7,397,589,124
SHORT-TERM	UNEARNED REVE	NUE		
			77 7 7072	VND
			30 June 2025	31 December 2024
	ue for taxi services nting devices and bi	rand	1,153,544,787 42,564,930 723,965,900	913,359,800 139,889,888 671,592,800
TOTAL			1,920,075,617	1,724,842,488

20.

21.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

19. OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES

	30 June 2025	VND 31 December 2024
Deposits from taxi drivers Other payables to the lessor Loan interests Dividends payables Car insurance Others	24,178,194,715 4,024,000,000 771,473,354 690,930,900 536,492,550 3,856,204,785	21,377,231,665 3,712,000,000 973,653,692 631,715,900 735,376,839 4,131,665,480
TOTAL	34,057,296,304	31,561,643,576
In which: Due to other parties Due to a related party (Note 30)	33,184,440,304 872,856,000	31,087,017,576 474,626,000
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
		VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Deposits from customers Deposits from taxi drivers Deposits from space rental	48,345,308,667 26,217,232,995 792,000,000	48,982,956,067 30,185,720,975 792,000,000
TOTAL	75,354,541,662	79,960,677,042
LOANS AND FINANCE LEASE OBLIGATIONS		
		VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Short-term Current portion of long-term loans from banks	191,952,900,324	188,594,775,324
(Note 21.1) Current portion of finance leases (Note 21.2)	152,326,123,032 39,626,777,292	148,967,998,032 39,626,777,292
Long-term	265,206,894,511	349,429,907,173
Long-term loans from banks (Note 21.1) Long-term finance leases (Note 21.2)	245,043,061,551 20,163,832,960	309,452,685,567 39,977,221,606
	457,159,794,835	538,024,682,497
TOTAL		

21. LOANS AND FINANCE LEASE OBLIGATIONS (continued)

21.1 Long-term loans from bank

The Company obtained long-term loans from banks to purchase means of transportation for providing its passenger taxi services by taxi, with details as follows:

Bank's name	30 June 2025	Repayment term	Interest rate	Description collateral (Notes 10)
Sum o namo	VND		(p.a)	9
Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam	272,538,918,461	From 26 July 2025 to 26 June 2029	Prime rate plus minimum margin of 2%	954 cars
Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade	73,868,564,000	From 20 July 2025 to 13 June 2028	Prime rate plus minimum margin of 3%	266 cars
HSBC Vietnam	50,961,702,122	From 21 July 2025 to 21 February 2029	Prime rate plus minimum margin of 1.5%	120 cars
TOTAL	397,369,184,583			
In which:				
Current portion Non-current portion	152,326,123,032 245,043,061,551			

21. LOANS AND FINANCE LEASE OBLIGATIONS (continued)

21.2 Finance lease obligations

The Company currently leases mean of transportation under finance lease arrangements with Vietcombank Leasing Company Limited and Asia Commercial Leasing One Member Company Limited, with future obligations due as follows:

28		30 June 2025			31 December 2024	VND
	Total minimum lease payments	Finance charges	Lease liabilities	Total minimum lease payments	Finance charges	Lease liabilities
Less than 1 year	42,769,519,139	3,142,741,847	39,626,777,292	44,287,189,372	4,660,412,080	39,626,777,292
From 1 year to 5 years	20,681,375,556	517,542,596	20,163,832,960	41,686,717,569	1,709,495,963	39,977,221,606
TOTAL	63,450,894,695	3,660,284,443	59,790,610,252	85,973,906,941	6,369,908,043	79,603,998,898

21.3 Movements of loans and finance lease obligations

Details of movements of loans and finance lease obligations are as follows:

11 Ost - - - 2 1-11

				VND
	31 December 2024	Increase	Repayment	30 June 2025
Loans from banks	458,420,683,599	13,432,500,000	(74,483,999,016)	397,369,184,583
Finance leases	79,603,998,898		(19,813,388,646)	59,790,610,252
TOTAL	538,024,682,497	13,432,500,000	(94,297,387,662)	457,159,794,835

22. OWNERS' EQUITY

22.1 Movements in owners' equity

					VND
	Share capital	Share premium	Investment and development fund	Undistributed earnings	Total
For the six-month period ended	d 30 June 2024				
As at 31 December 2023 Net profit for the period Dividends declared Other decrease	678,591,920,000 - - - -	86,929,263,110 - - -	268,688,372,802	116,815,438,147 37,986,855,376 (101,788,788,000) (312,000,000)	1,151,024,994,059 37,986,855,376 (101,788,788,000) (312,000,000)
As at 30 June 2024	678,591,920,000	86,929,263,110	268,688,372,802	52,701,505,523	1,086,911,061,435
For the six-month period ended	d 30 June 2025				
As at 31 December 2024 Net profit for the period Dividends declared (*) Transfer of investment and development fund (*) Other decrease	678,591,920,000 - - -	86,929,263,110 - - -	268,688,372,802 - (268,688,372,802)	96,516,170,623 22,391,312,576 (67,859,192,000) 268,688,372,802 (312,000,000)	1,130,725,726,535 22,391,312,576 (67,859,192,000)
As at 30 June 2025	678,591,920,000	86,929,263,110		319,424,664,001	1,084,945,847,111

^(*) According to the Resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders 2025 dated 24 April 2025, shareholders of the Company approved (i) transfer of investment and development fund amounting to VND 268,688,372,802 into undistributed earnings and (ii) the payment of 2024 dividend by cash at a rate of 10% on the par value of ordinary shares with amounting to VND 67,859,192,000.

1/1/10

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

22. OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

22.2 Capital transactions with shareholders and distribution of dividends

	888	VND
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Issued share capital		
As at 31 December 2024 and 30 June 2025	678,591,920,000	678,591,920,000
Dividends Dividends declared	67,859,192,000	101,788,788,000
Dividends paid	67,799,977,000	101,701,450,900

22.3 Shares

	Number of shares		
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	
Authorised shares	67,859,192	67,859,192	
Issued shares Ordinary shares	67,859,192	67,859,192	
Shares in circulation Ordinary shares	67,859,192	67,859,192	

Par value per outstanding share: VND 10,000/share (31 December 2024: VND 10,000 per share). The holders of the ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. Each ordinary share carries one vote per share without restriction.

23. REVENUE

23.1 Revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services

		VND
	For the six-month period ended	For the six-month period ended
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
Rendering of passenger taxi services (*)	411,518,168,765	483,958,069,319
Others	8,735,106,348	9,390,508,277
TOTAL	420,253,275,113	493,348,577,596

^(*) Revenue from rendering of passenger transport services by taxi includes revenue from passenger transport taxi services provided through its employees, franchising and business cooperation to provide passenger taxi service.

23. REVENUES (continued)

23.2 Finance income

		VND
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Interest income Others	5,885,005,067 32,797,949	7,780,832,367 45,760,011
TOTAL	5,917,803,016	7,826,592,378

24. COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES RENDERED

		VND
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Cost of passenger taxi services rendered (*) Others	316,614,890,225 7,740,776,513	392,146,144,482 8,665,136,454
TOTAL	324,355,666,738	400,811,280,936

^(*) Cost of passenger transport services by taxi rendered includes cost of passenger taxi services provided through its employees, franchising and business cooperation to provide passenger taxi services.

25. FINANCE EXPENSES

		VND
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Interest expense Foreign exchange losses	15,297,393,560 20,228,675	10,251,475,300 23,174,598
TOTAL	15,317,622,235	10,274,649,898

27.

28.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

26. SELLING EXPENSES AND GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	VND For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Selling expenses Expenses for external services Labour costs Others	32,589,985,710 18,821,218,576 13,077,343,971 691,423,163	36,160,307,922 19,033,643,626 16,451,477,215 675,187,081
General and administrative expenses Labour costs Expenses for external services Depreciation and amortisation Others	37,930,906,613 17,059,638,302 15,465,281,597 1,282,321,218 4,123,665,496	40,614,456,915 18,659,165,462 16,135,293,658 1,257,321,216 4,562,676,579
TOTAL	70,520,892,323	76,774,764,837
OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES		
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	VND For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Other income Proceeds from advertisement on taxi Gains from disposal of fixed assets Others	13,436,313,609 9,260,560,467 2,335,341,893 1,840,411,249	26,214,786,744 10,991,434,200 12,752,479,570 2,470,872,974
Other expenses Advertising costs on taxi Others	(1,424,069,723) (1,033,485,481) (390,584,242)	(1,542,405,671) (1,205,486,000) (336,919,671)
NET OTHER PROFIT	12,012,243,886	24,672,381,073
OPERATING COSTS		
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	VND For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Equipment and fuel Labour costs Depreciation and amortisation Expenses for external services Others	130,649,596,380 101,357,152,645 99,823,383,752 46,611,703,327 16,434,722,957	196,490,066,063 115,171,470,931 103,440,230,770 46,093,059,595 16,391,218,414
TOTAL	394,876,559,061	477,586,045,773

29. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The Company has the obligation to pay corporate income tax ("CIT") at the rate of 20% of taxable profits.

The tax returns filed by the Company are subject to examination by the tax authorities. As the application of tax laws and regulations is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the interim separate financial statements could change at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

29.1 CIT expense

		1000000
	NAMES OF STREET STREET	VND
	For the six-month	For the six-month
	period ended	period ended 30
	30 June 2025	June 2024
Current CIT expense	5,597,828,143	
Reconciliation between CIT expense and the acc rate is presented below:	counting profit before to	ax multiplied by CIT
		VND
	For the six-month	For the six-month
	period ended	period ended
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
Accounting profit before tax	27,989,140,719	37,986,855,376
At CIT rate of 20% applicable to the Company	5,597,828,143	7,597,371,075
Adjustment: Deferred tax not yet recognised relating to		
temporary differences	<u>₩</u>	(108,735,890)
Tax losses utilised	w	(7,488,635,185)

29.2 Current tax

The current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the period. The taxable profit of the Company for the period differs from the profit as reported in the interim separate income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods and it further excludes items that are not taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted by the balance sheet date.

(up to 24 April 2025) Chief Accountant

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

29. CORPORATE INCOME TAX (continued)

29.3 Unrecognised deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items due to uncertainty of future taxable income:

TOTAL	3,885,545,500	4,312,325,500
Accruals for gifts and bonus	720,000,000	1,096,755,000
Provision for severance allowance	3,165,545,500	3,215,570,500
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
		VND

30. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Mr Dang Hoang Sang

List of related parties that have a controlling relationship with the Company and other related parties that have transactions with the Company during the period and as at 30 June 2025 as below:

Related party Relationship

Vinasun Green Joint Stock Company	Subsidiary
Ms Ngo Thi Thuy Van	Major Shareholder
Kim Nguu Consulting Limited Company	Major Shareholder
Saigon Trading Group	Major Shareholder
VBP Joint Stock Company	Major Shareholder
Mr Ta Long Hy	Chairman of Board of Director ("BOD")
Mr Dang Thanh Duy	General Director/ Member of BOD
Mr Tran Anh Minh	Deputy General Director/Member of BOD
Mrs Dang Thi Lan Phuong	Deputy General Director
Mr Huynh Van Si	Deputy General Director
Mr Truong Dinh Quy	Deputy General Director/ Member of BOD
Mr Nguyen Van Mac	Deputy General Director
Mr Nguyen Bao Toan	Deputy General Director
Mr Dang Phuoc Hoang Mai	Deputy General Director
Mr Ho Kim Truong	Member of BOD
Mr Dang Cong Luan	Member of BOD
Mr Nguyen Dinh Thanh	Member of BOD
Mr Dang Tien Sy	Member of BOD
Mr Le Hai Doan	Major Shareholder/ Member of BOD
	(from 24 April 2025)
Mrs Tran Thi Thu Hien	Head of Board of Supervision
Mrs Mai Thi Kim Hoang	Board of Supervision
Mrs Nguyen Thi Mai Phuong	Board of Supervision
Mr Dang Phuoc Thanh	Major Shareholder/ Member of BOD
98%	(up to 24 April 2024)
Mrs Huynh Thanh Binh Minh	Member of BOD

30. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Significant transactions with related parties during the current and previous period were as follows:

			VND
Related party	Transaction	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Vinasun Green Joint Stock Company	Payment on behalf Software fee Disposal of cars	4,794,402,071 99,000,000	3,908,932,023 99,000,000 4,146,418,785
Mr Dang Phuoc Thanh	Dividend	16,907,888,000	25,361,832,000
Kim Nguu Consulting Limited Company	Dividend	8,600,090,000	12,900,135,000
Ms Ngo Thi Thuy Van	Dividend	6,680,590,000	12,120,885,000
Saigon Trading Group	Dividend	5,370,300,000	8,055,450,000
VBP Joint Stock Company	Dividend	5,269,381,000	*
Mr Le Hai Doan	Dividend	4,255,600,000	138,600,000
Mr Dang Thanh Duy	Dividend	3,390,020,000	5,085,030,000
Amount due to a related par	ty as at the interim ba	lance sheet dates was	s as follows:
Related party	Transaction	30 June 2025	VND 31 December 2024
Vinasun Green Joint Stock Company	Payment on behalf	872,856,000	474,626,000

30. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Transactions with other related parties

Remuneration of Board of Directors, Board of Supervision are as follows:

		VND
	For the six-month	For the six-month
	period ended	period ended
	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
Mr Ta Long Hy	299,120,000	322,640,000
Mr Dang Thanh Duy	287,120,000	306,973,500
Mrs Dang Thi Lan Phuong	281,120,000	304,640,000
Mr Huynh Van Si	271,840,000	293,680,000
Mr Tran Anh Minh	263,440,000	285,280,000
Mr Truong Dinh Quy	263,440,000	285,280,000
Mr Nguyen Van Mac	222,126,500	229,040,000
Mr Nguyen Bao Toan	207,040,000	228,880,000
Mr Dang Phuoc Hoang Mai	207,040,000	228,880,000
Mr Dang Hoang Sang	190,960,000	207,520,000
Mrs Huynh Thanh Binh Minh	48,000,000	48,000,000
Mr Ho Kim Truong	48,000,000	48,000,000
Mr Dang Cong Luan	48,000,000	48,000,000
Mr Nguyen Dinh Thanh	48,000,000	48,000,000
Mr Dang Tien Sy	48,000,000	48,000,000
Mrs Tran Thi Thu Hien	30,000,000	30,000,000
Mrs Mai Thi Kim Hoang	24,000,000	24,000,000
Mrs Nguyen Thi Mai Phuong	24,000,000	24,000,000
Mr Dang Phuoc Thanh	25,200,000	216,960,000
	2,836,446,500	3,227,773,500

31. COMMITMENTS

Operating lease commitment (lessee)

The Company leases its office premises and workshops under operating lease arrangements. The minimum lease commitments as at balance sheet dates under the operating lease agreements are as follows:

TOTAL	12,643,030,262	1,423,091,184
From 1 year to 5 years	9,664,238,066	617,666,664
Less than 1 year	2,978,792,196	805,424,520
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
		VND

31. COMMITMENTS (continued)

Operating lease commitment (lessor)

The Company lets out office premise under operating lease arrangements. The future minimum rental receivables as at the interim balance sheet dates under the operating lease agreements are as follows:

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30 June 2025 31 December 2024

TOTAL	18,720,000,000	20,160,000,000
More than 5 years	1,440,000,000	2,880,000,000
From 1 year to 5 years	14,400,000,000	14,400,000,000
Less than 1 year	2,880,000,000	2,880,000,000

32. OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

32.1 Bad debts written off

VND

Bad debts written off (*) 30 June 2025 31 December 2024

 Receivables from retired drivers
 2,245,995,108
 2,245,995,108

 Receivables from customers
 1,185,271,750
 1,185,271,750

 TOTAL
 3,431,266,858
 3,431,266,858

(*) The Company had written off these receivables were overdue for more than 3 years and made fully provision in previous years.

32.1 Foreign currency

30 June 2025 31 December 2024

USD ______19,639 _____19,639

33. EVENTS AFTER THE INTERIM BALANCE SHEET DATE

There is no matter or circumstance that has arisen since the interim balance sheet date that requires adjustment or disclosure in the interim separate financial statements of the Company.

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

28 August 2025

Cổ PHÂN ÁNH ĐƯƠNG VIỆT NA 14

Thai Thi Mong Tuyen Preparer

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Dang Hoang Sang Chief Accountant Dang Thi Lan Phuong Deputy General Director H.H.A.

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